

PHPRunner. The best PHP code generator in the world.

Course Notes

Version 11.1

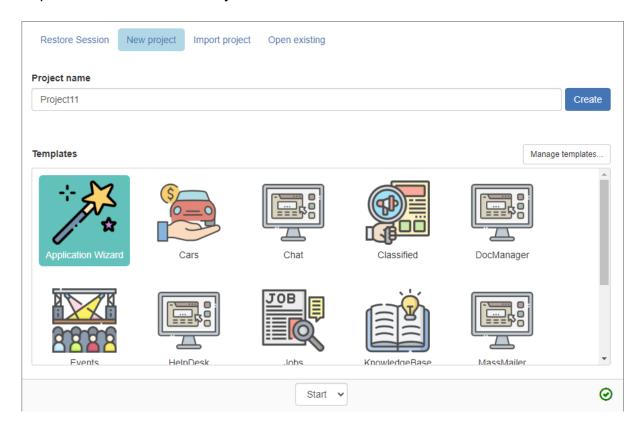
2 September 2025

Table of Contents

COURSE NOTES	
VERSION 11.1	1
2 SEPTEMBER 2025	1
START WORKING WITH THE PROJECTS	3
WORKING WITH DATABASES	
Working with Tables	6
Queries	
Pages	8
FIELDS	g
MISCELLANEOUS SETTINGS	
SECURITY CONFIGURATION	11
VISUAL APPEARANCE CUSTOMIZATION	12
EVENTS	14
Output	15
FINAL STAGES	16

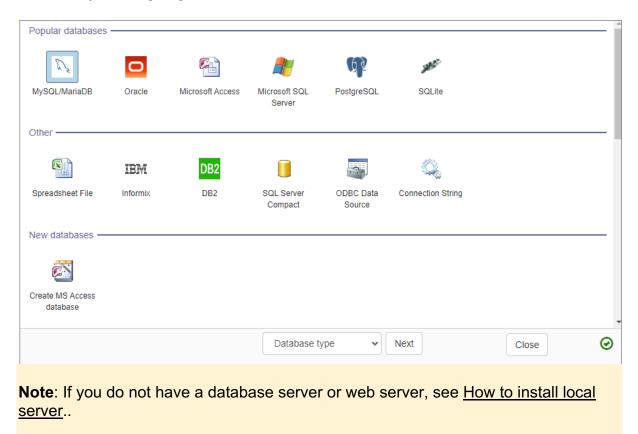
Start working with the projects

PHPRunner provides an option either to create an application from scratch or to choose one of the application templates. Choose **Blank application** if you want to build the project from scratch. Otherwise, you can select one of the predefined templates. Templates are pre-made sample projects and they also create all the required database tables for you.

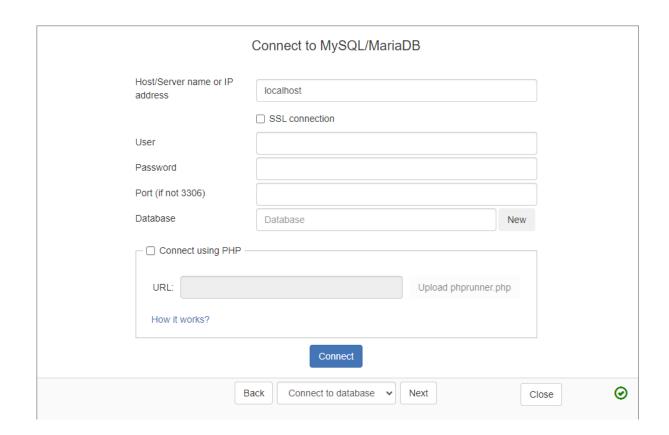


Working with databases

PHPRunner supports all popular databases: MySQL, MariaDB, Microsoft SQL Server, Oracle, MS Access, DB2, PostgreSQL, and more. Select the type of the database you are going to use.



Then you should provide the database connection credentials. You have an option to select an existing database or to create a new one.

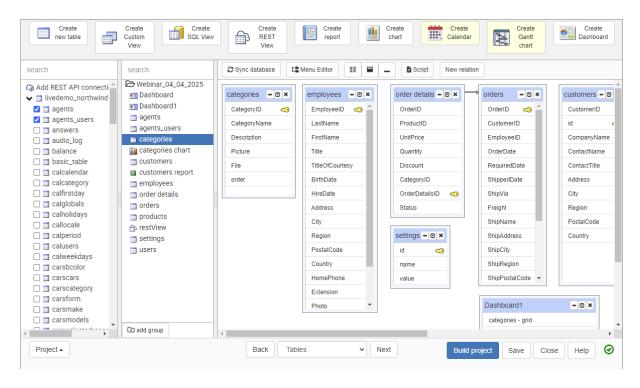


If you are using MySQL, you can also <u>Connect to a remote MySQL database via PHP</u>.

Working with Tables

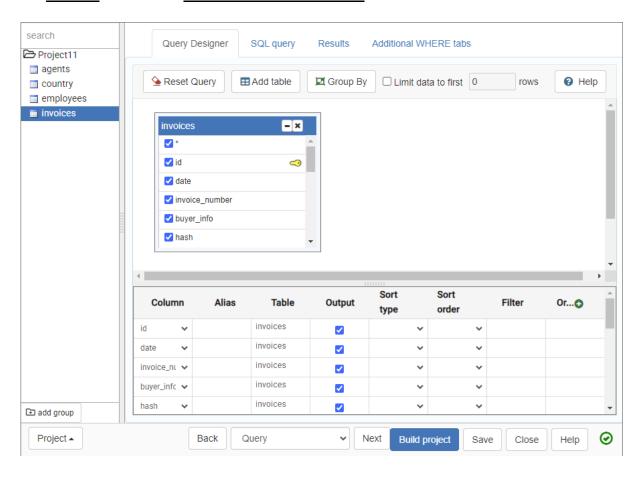
In PHPRunner, you can modify the tables, fields and the database structure, as well as create new tables, queries, and relations between them.

You can also create dashboards, charts, and reports on the **Datasource tables** screen to present your project data in a user-friendly way.



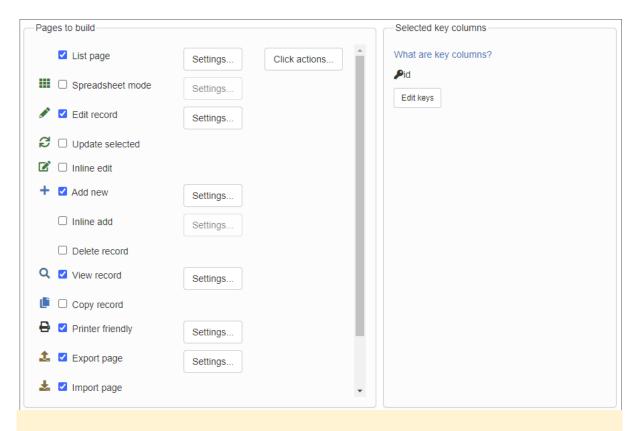
Queries

This screen provides options for modifying the database and the tables using SQL queries. You can generate SQL queries via <u>Query Designer</u>, or write the code on your own. Using the **Query Designer** can help you sort and filter your data, create aliases to the fields, and control the data output on the pages. You also can preview the <u>Results</u> and create <u>Additional Where clauses</u>.



Pages

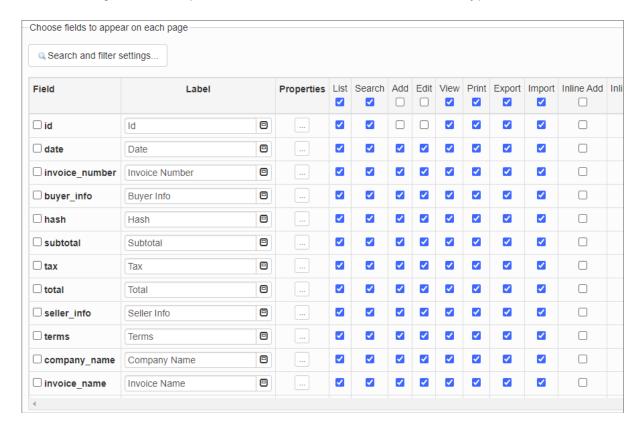
On the next screen - **Pages**, you can choose what pages to build for each table. You can also set additional options, for example, show **Add/Edit/View** pages in a popup or freeze the header of the grid on the **List** page.



Note: Make sure to select a proper key column. A key column is used to identify table rows, so, the key values must be unique for each record.

Fields

On this screen, you may choose the fields to appear on each page. Do this by selecting the respective checkboxes. You can also configure **Search and Filter** settings and set up different columns for different device types.

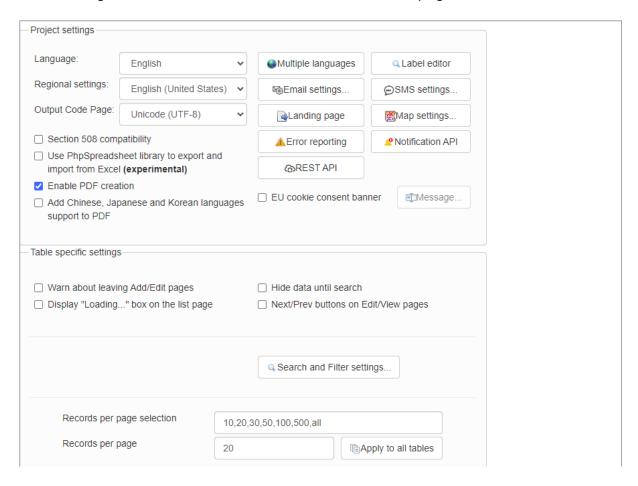


See also:

•Choose fields screen

Miscellaneous settings

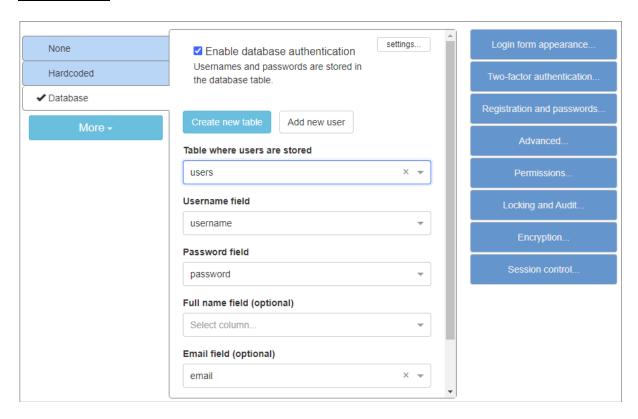
Proceed to the <u>Miscellaneous settings</u> screen to configure the projects settings, such as application language, map settings, notifications, SMS and email settings, as well as the Table specific settings, such as number of records per page, Search and Filter settings, and add **Next/Prev** buttons on **Edit/View** pages.



Security configuration

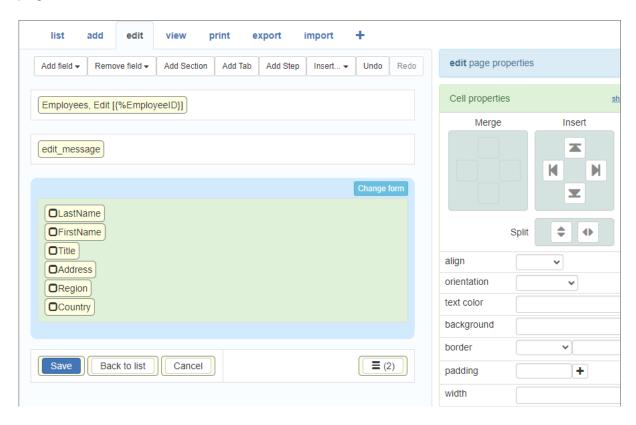
Proceed to the <u>Security screen</u> to configure the user <u>registration</u> and <u>authentication</u> system, as well as to restrict access to the database. You can set up a hardcoded login/password combination, or you can store it in the Database, or even use <u>Active Directory</u>.

You can also regulate access to the specific tables and pages via <u>User Group Permissions</u>.

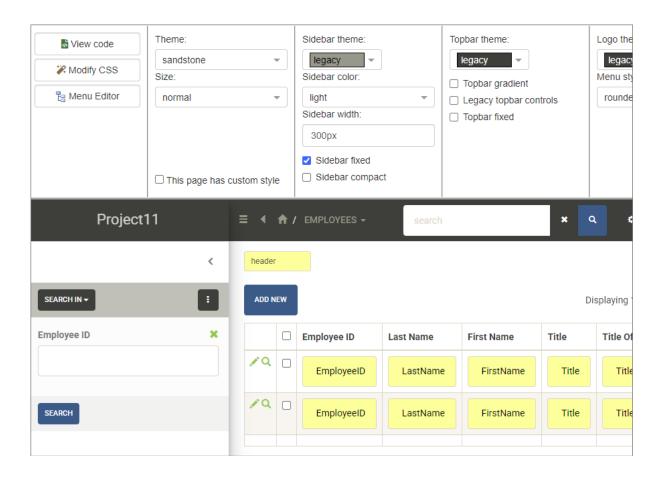


Visual appearance customization

The next step is the visual appearance customization. On the <u>Page Designer</u> screen you can customize and position the <u>elements</u>, and set the <u>layout and grid type</u> of the pages.



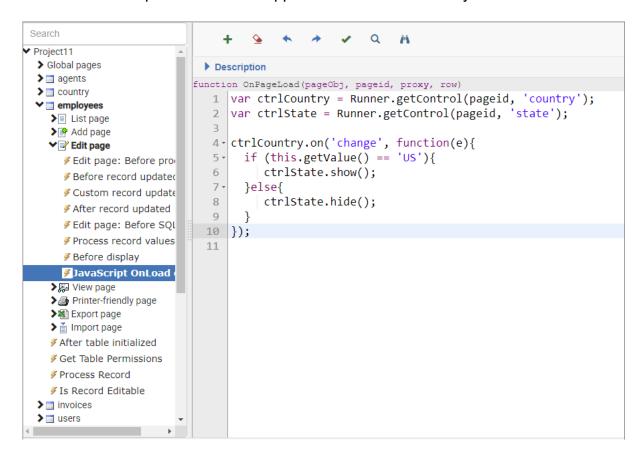
The <u>Style Editor</u> screen shows the preview of the pages. You can select a theme, set the size of the elements, add <u>custom CSS code</u>, edit the <u>menu</u>, and view the page as HTML.



Events

You are able to extend the functionality of your application - by adding your code to <u>Events</u>. Events are actions that are performed automatically when certain conditions are met, for instance: a record was added to the database, or the user opened the **List** page.

You can use sample event code snippets or write the code on your own.

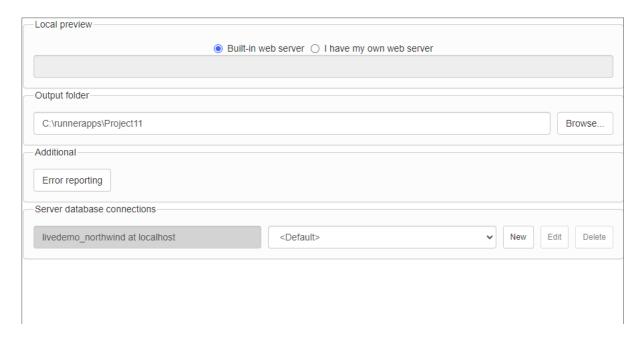


Output

Proceed to the **Output** screen to select the project <u>output directory</u> - a place to store your project files.

You may use the built-in Apache web-server or a custom one to preview the project locally.

You can also configure the **Server database connection**.



See also:

- Output directory settings
- •How to install local web server (XAMPP)

Final stages

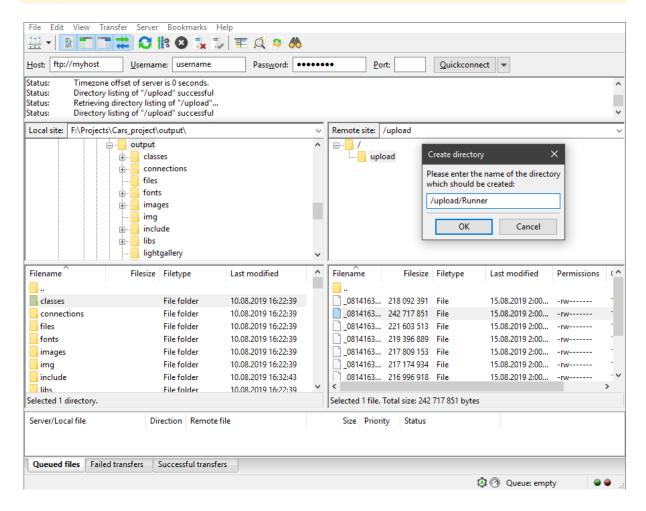
As soon as everything is completed, you are ready to build! Now you can preview the application in the browser and start testing it. Moreover, you have options to **Open output folder** of the project, or **Create SQL Script**.

PHPRunner manual Upload web application using a third-party FTP client

After you have built an application with PHPRunner, you may use any FTP client to upload it to a remote server. Here is how you can do it using **FileZilla**.

First of all, you need to connect to the remote server. Fill in the *Host, Username, Password, Port* fields and click the **Quickconnect** button.

Note: you can see the connection status in the panel below the **Quickconnect** button.



The left panel represents your local files/site. Open the **Output folder** of your project in the local files.

Note: to learn more about the output settings, see Output directory settings.

The right panel represents the remote server file structure. Create a new folder for your project on the remote server - right-click anywhere in the bottom-right panel and select **Create new directory** and enter it.

Once you opened both folders (local and remote), select all local folders and files in the output directory, right-click on them and select **Upload**. The selected files are added to the **Queue** and uploaded to the remote server.

When the contents of the **Output folder** have been copied to the remote server, open the browser, type in the name of your website and add /%name of the folder you made% after it. In our example, the URL looks like this: https://www.xlinesoft.com/upload/Runner/.